



Heiner Jürs DD0KP

Mühlheim am Main, October 5th 2019



Agenda

- QO-100 our first Phase-4 geostationary satellite (P4-A)
- QO-100 transponders
- Antenna
- RX for the narrowband transponder
- RX for the wideband transponder
- TX and amplifiers
- SDRs for RX and TX

Agenda

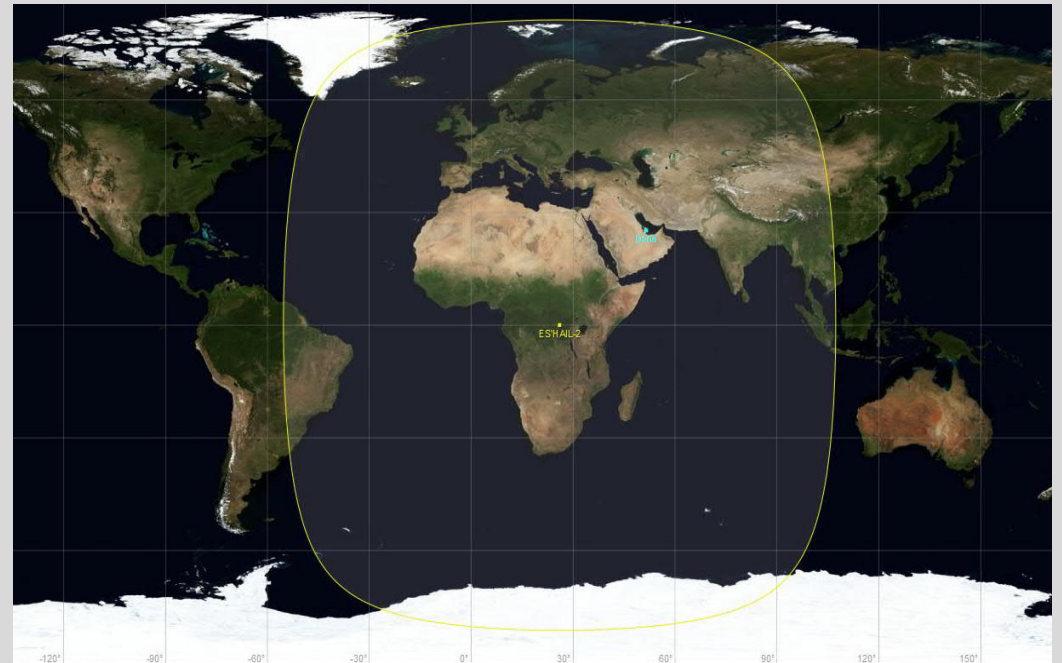
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Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)

Es'hail-2 was launched on November 15th 2018 on a Falcon 9 from SpaceX.

It is primarily a communication and TV-Broadcast satellite for the middle east.

Es'Hail-2 is positioned on 26° East and covers Europe, Africa and most of Asia.

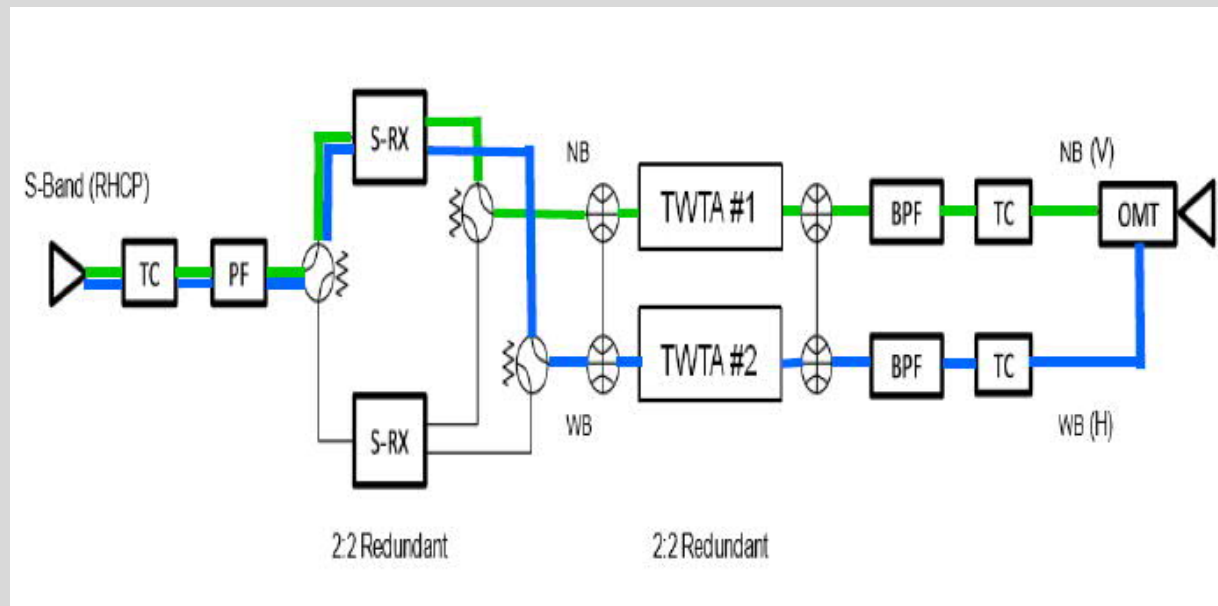


Peter DB2OS (chairman of AMSAT-DL) convinced the owners in Qatar to add 2 transponders for Ham Radio (↑13cm Uplink / ↓3cm Downlink).

<http://www.amsat-dl.de>

Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)

QO-100 features a 250 kHz wide linear-transponder for narrowband modes as well as a 8 MHz wide transponder for digital wideband modulation (mostly DATV in DVB-S2).



Specifications were developed by AMSAT-DL, the payload was built by MELCO in Japan and kindly paid by Qatar.

Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)

After extensive testing the Ham Radio transponders were released for general use on February 14th 2019.

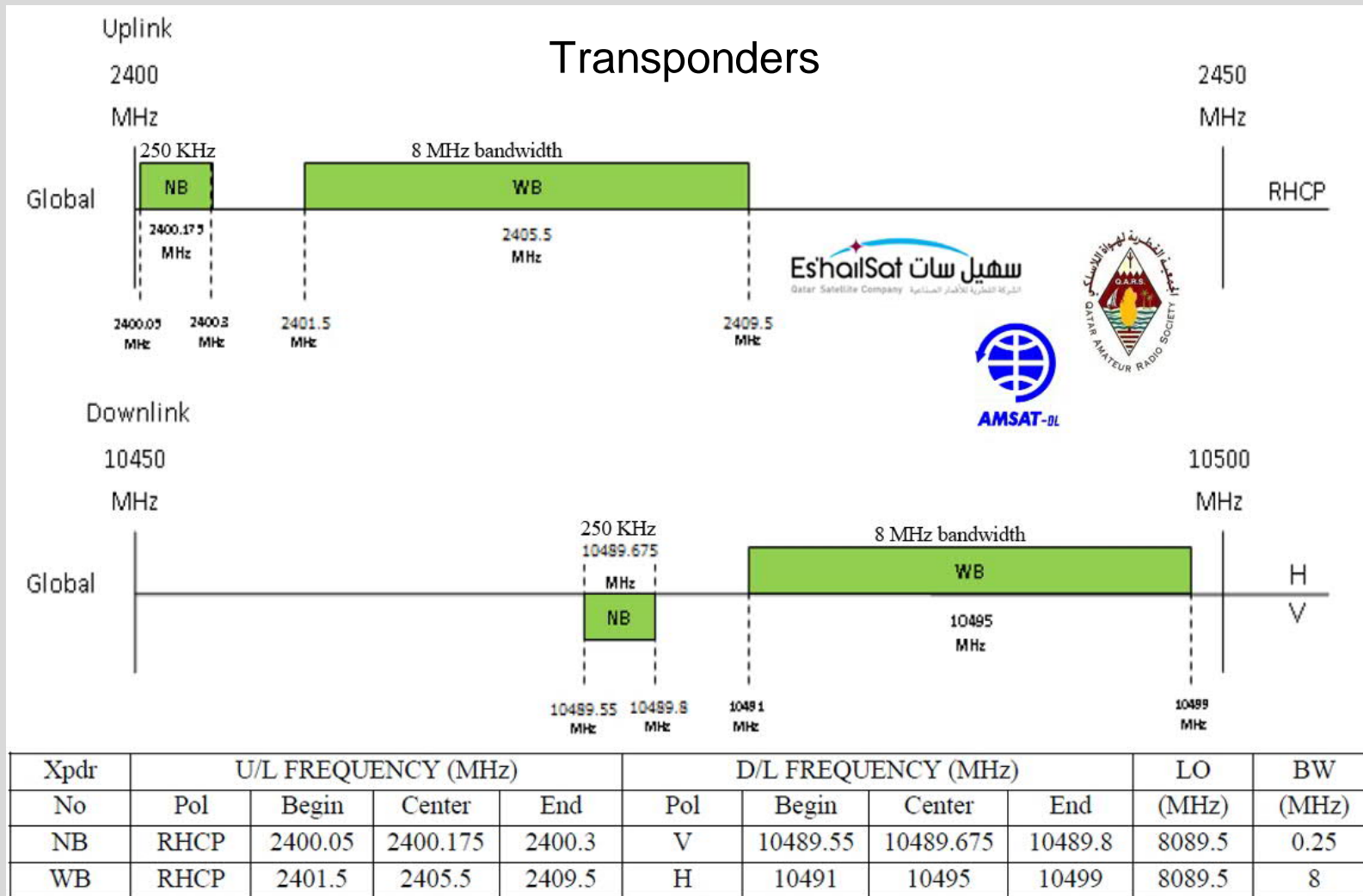


<http://www.qars.org.qa>

Agenda

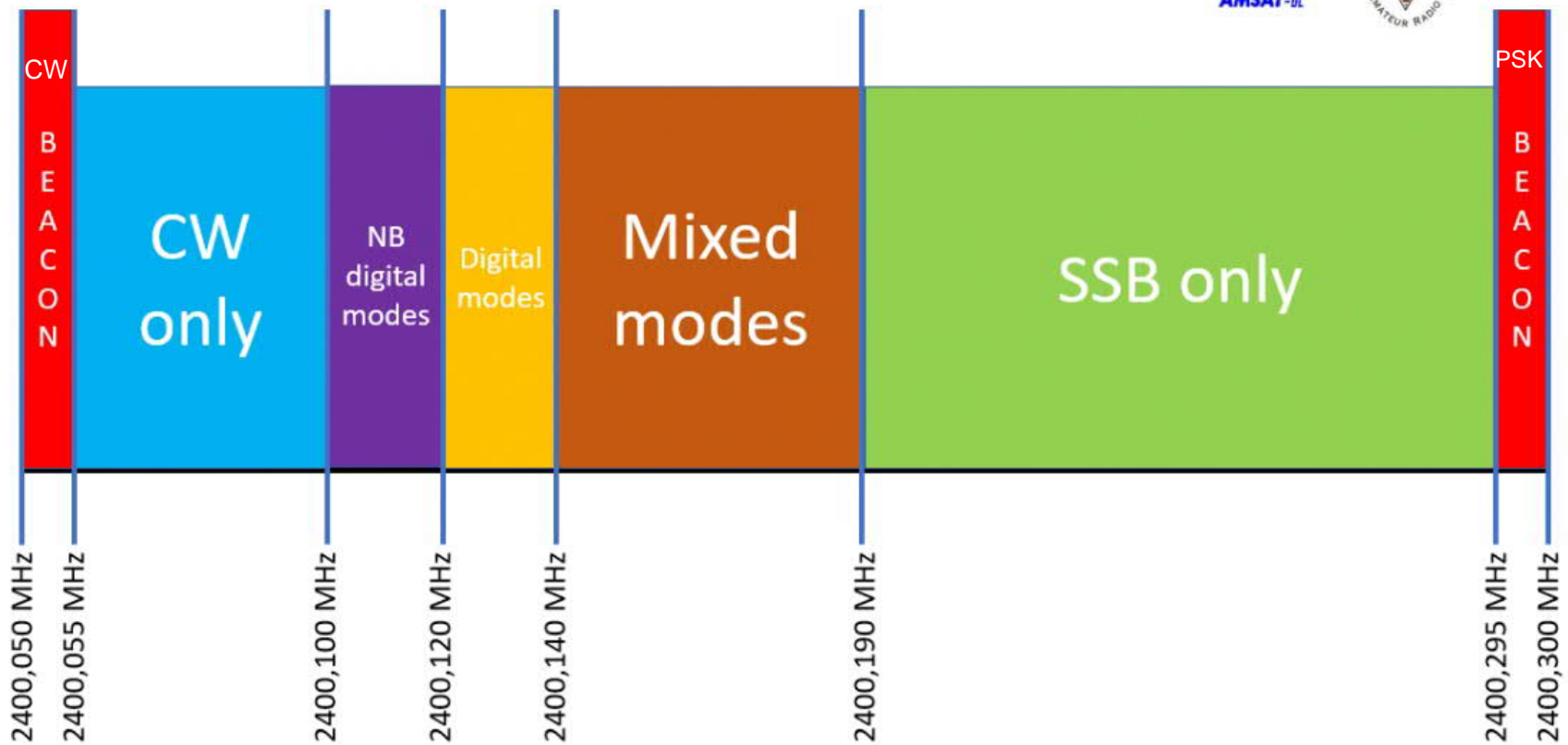
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Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)



Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)

Bandplan of the narrowband transponder:



Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)

Operating modes on the narrowband transponder of QO-100:

- SSB
- FreeDV
- CW
- RTTY
- SSTV / KG-STV
- FAX
- Feldhell
- Digimodes such as PSK31, FT8 etc.

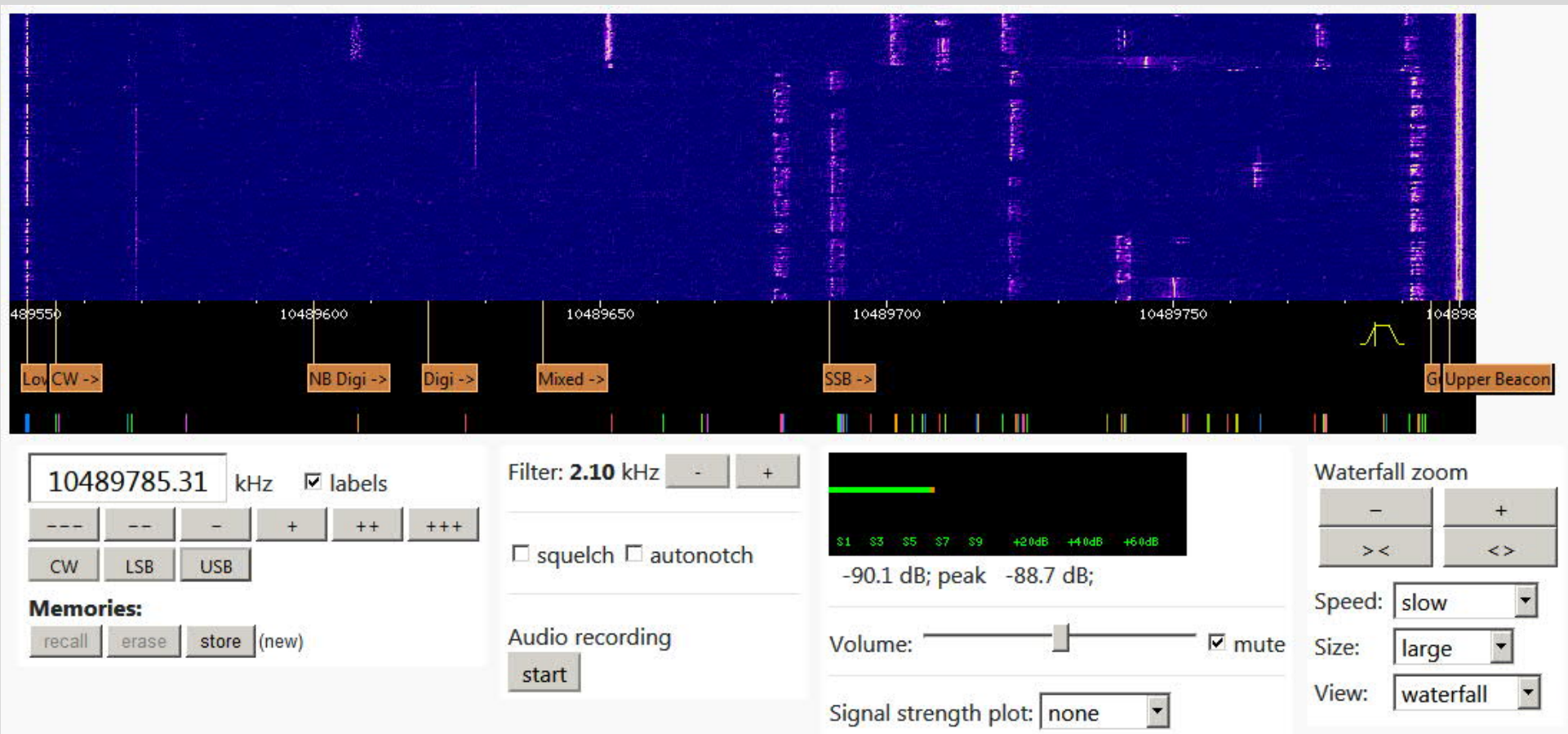


Maximum bandwidth is 2.7 kHz, no analog FM and no digital FM modes to be used!

Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)



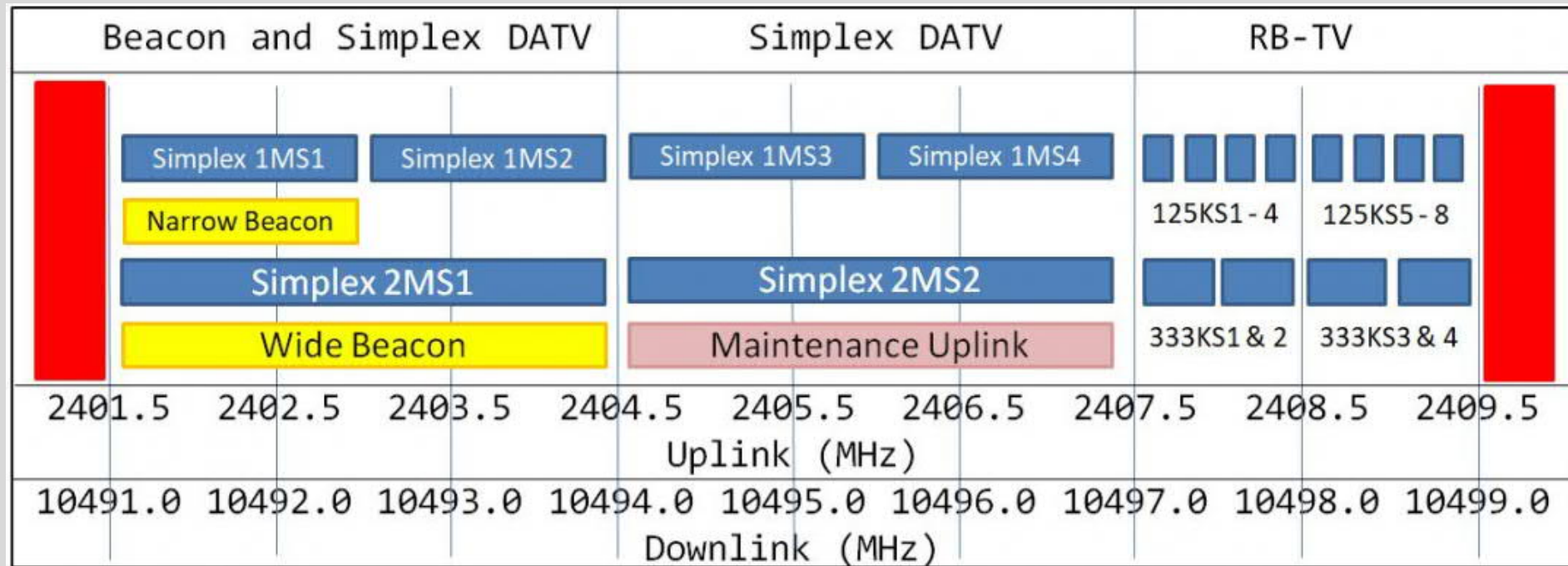
Narrowband transponder spectrum (BATC Web SDR)



<http://eshail.batc.org.uk/nb/>

Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)

Bandplan of the wideband transponder

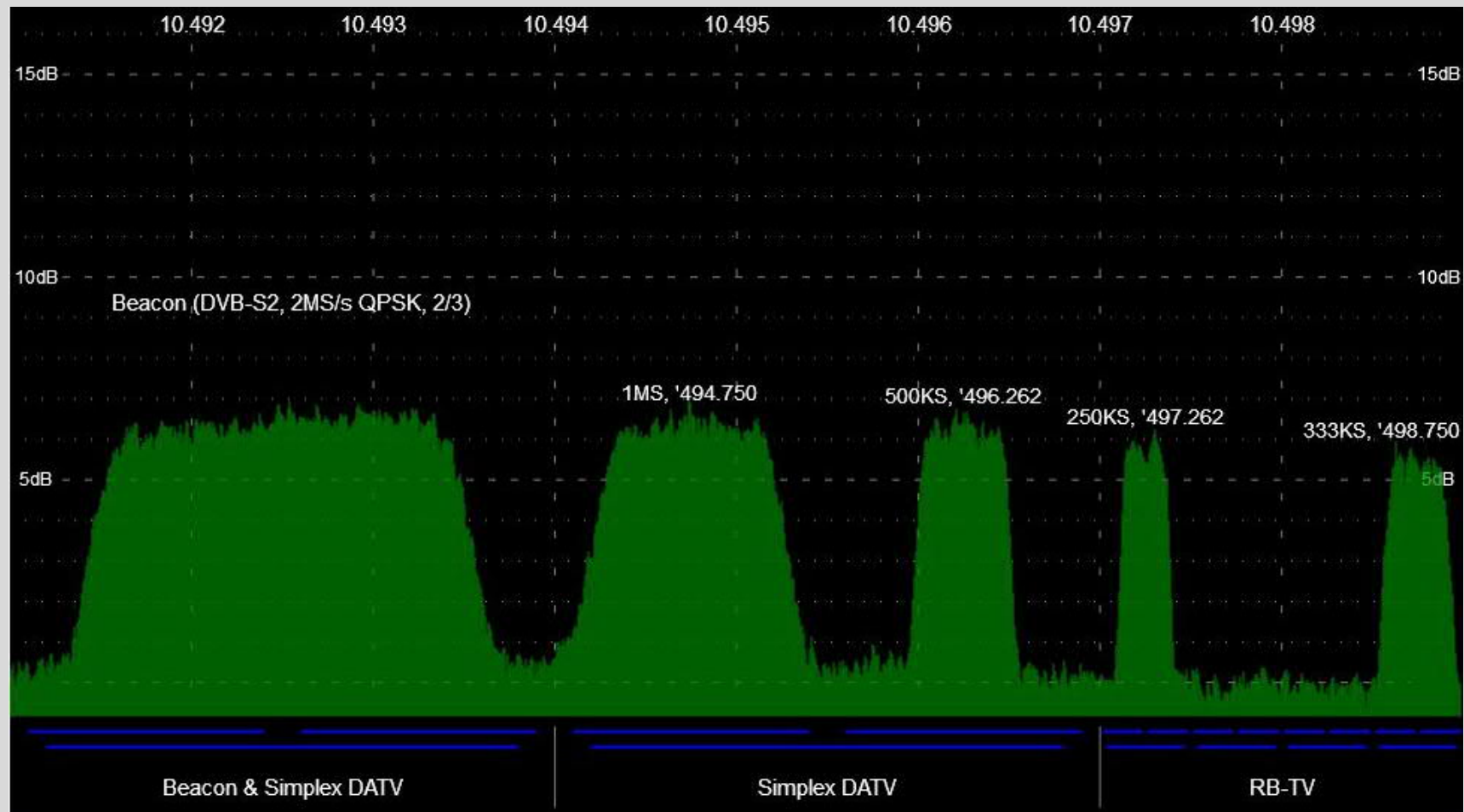


Most transmissions are in DVB-S2 (QPSK, 8PSK, 16APSK, 32APSK),
only few transmissions in DVB-S (QPSK)

Used symbolrates are 66, 125, 250, 333, 500, 1000, 2000 ksps

<http://eshail.batc.org.uk/wb/>

Qatar-OSCAR 100 (Es'hail-2)



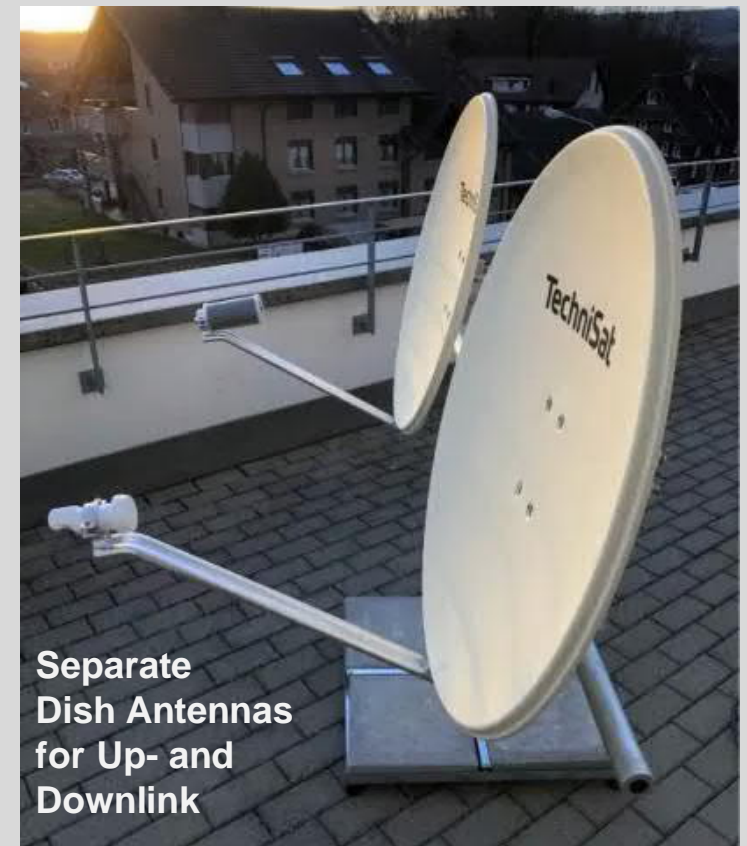
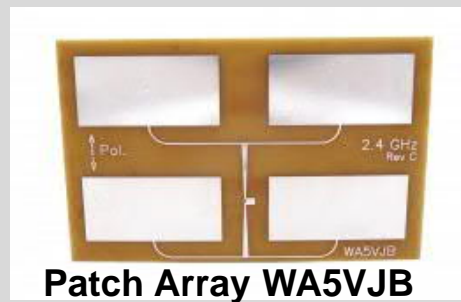
Wideband transponder spectrum

<http://eshail.batc.org.uk/wb/>

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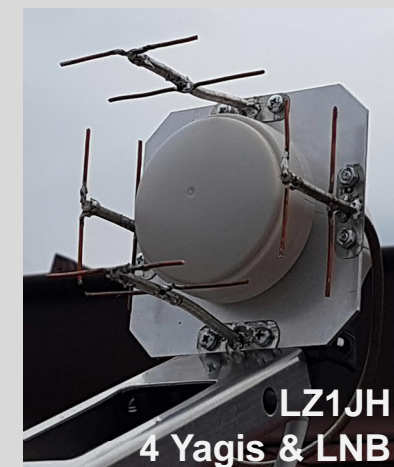
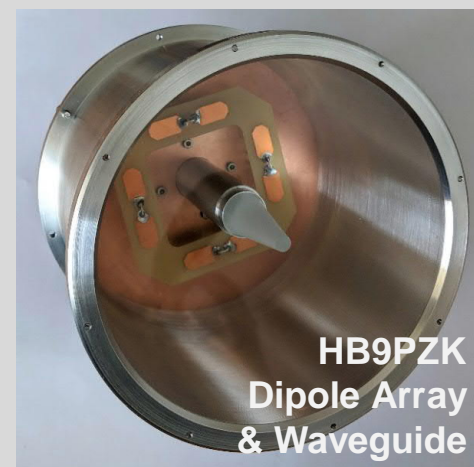
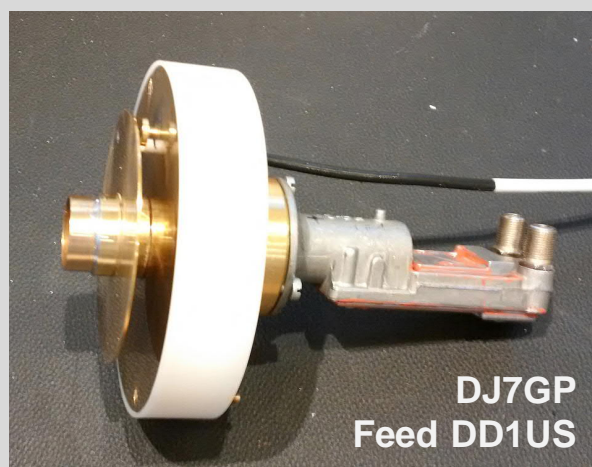
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Antennas for QO-100



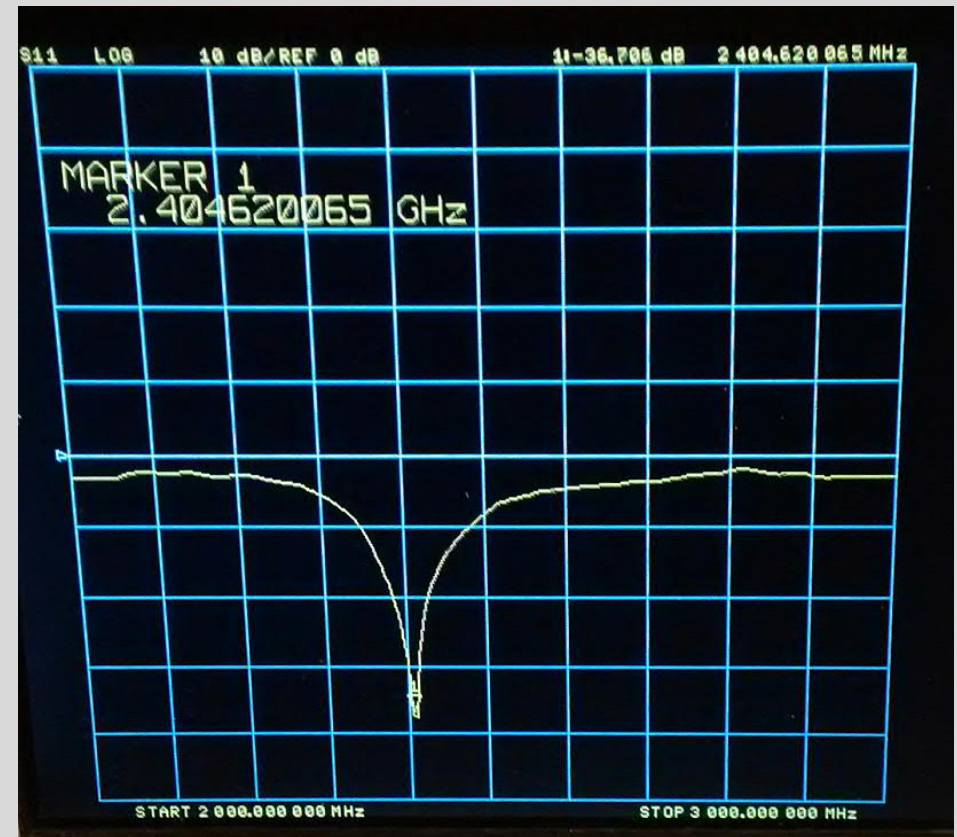
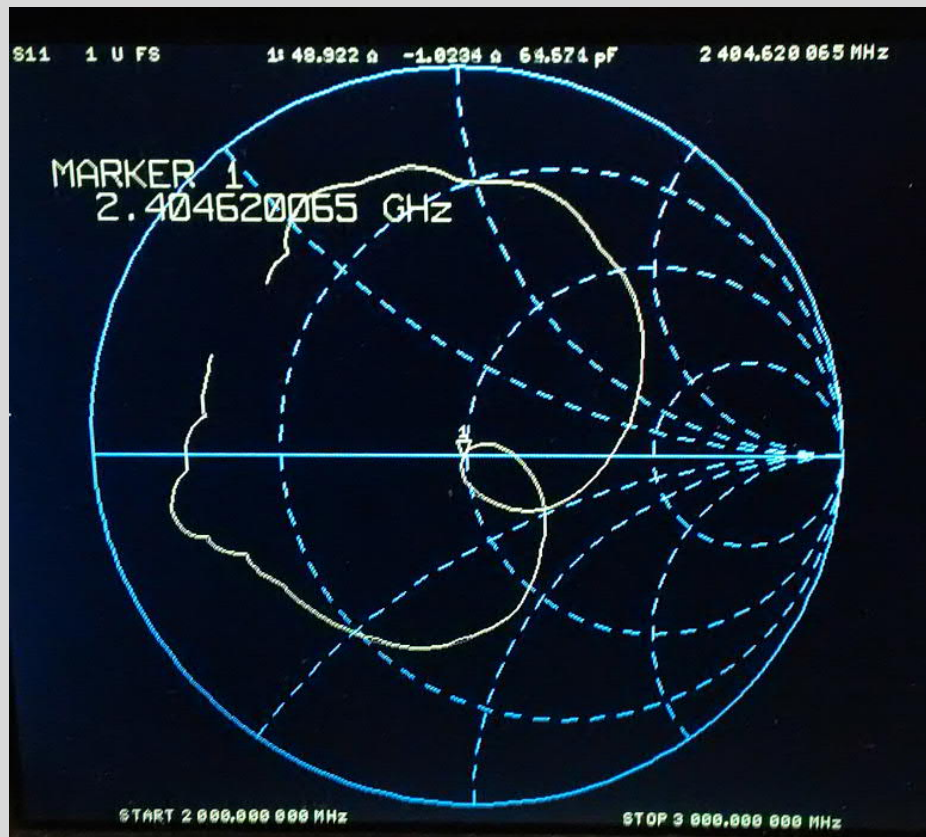
2.4 GHz uplink of NB and WB TPX is RHCP, 10 GHz downlink of NB TPX is vertical, WB TPX is horizontal.

Feeds for QO-100





POTY Feed for QO-100



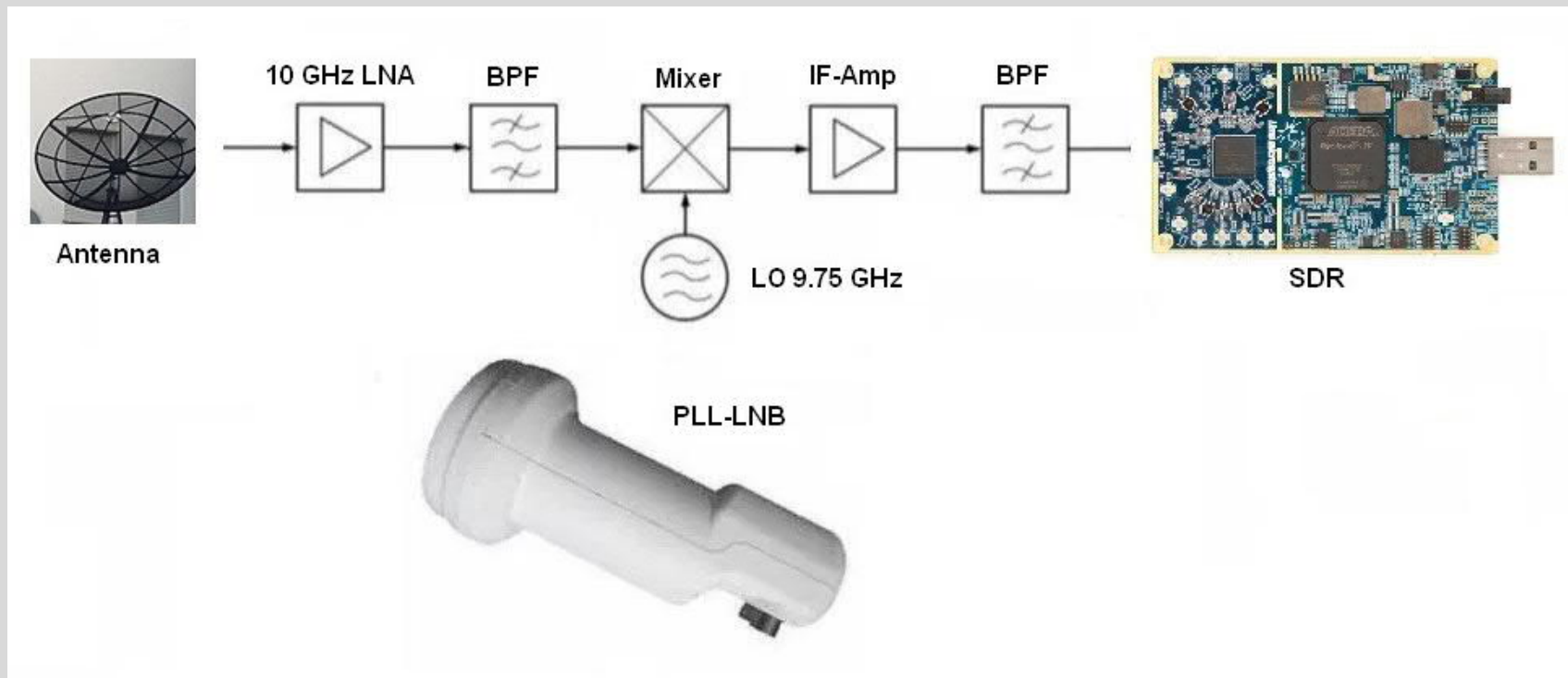
Antennas for QO-100



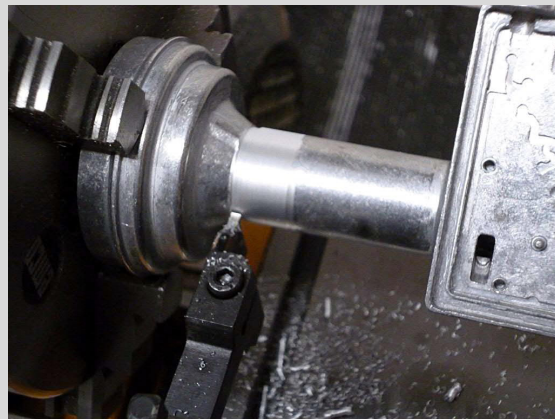
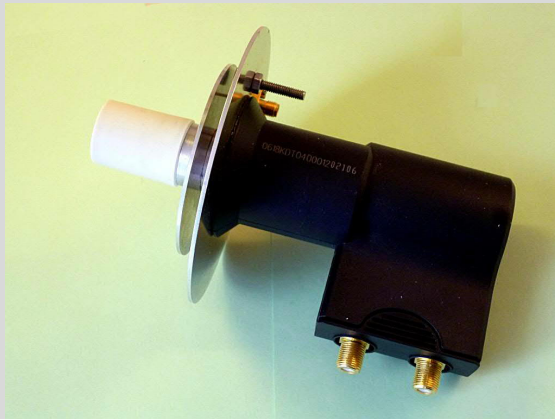
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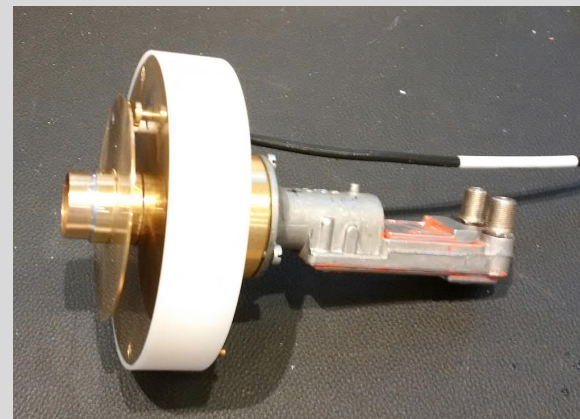
PLL-LNBs for QO-100



PLL-LNBs for QO-100



Megasat Diavolo



Octagon Dual OTSLO

SDRs for RX of NB TPX



RTL-SDR



Funcube Pro



Airspy mini



SDRplay



Airspy 2

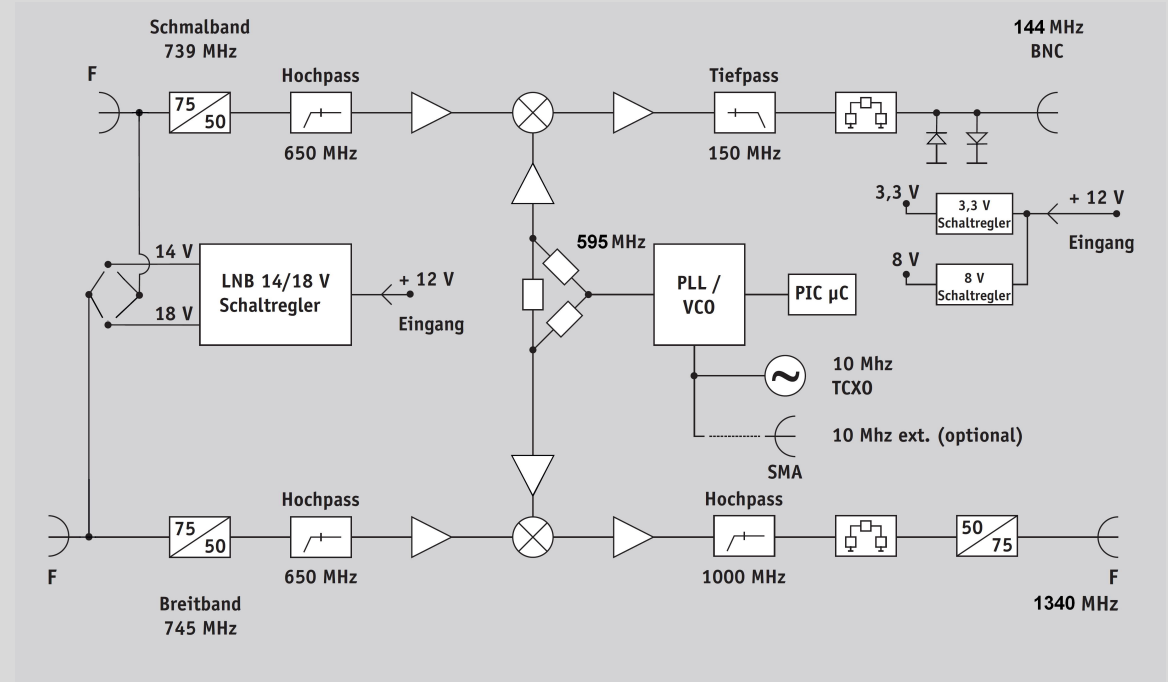
RX for QO-100



Downconverter AMSAT-DL
Price: 178,50€

Converts the IF of both polarizations to convenient bands:

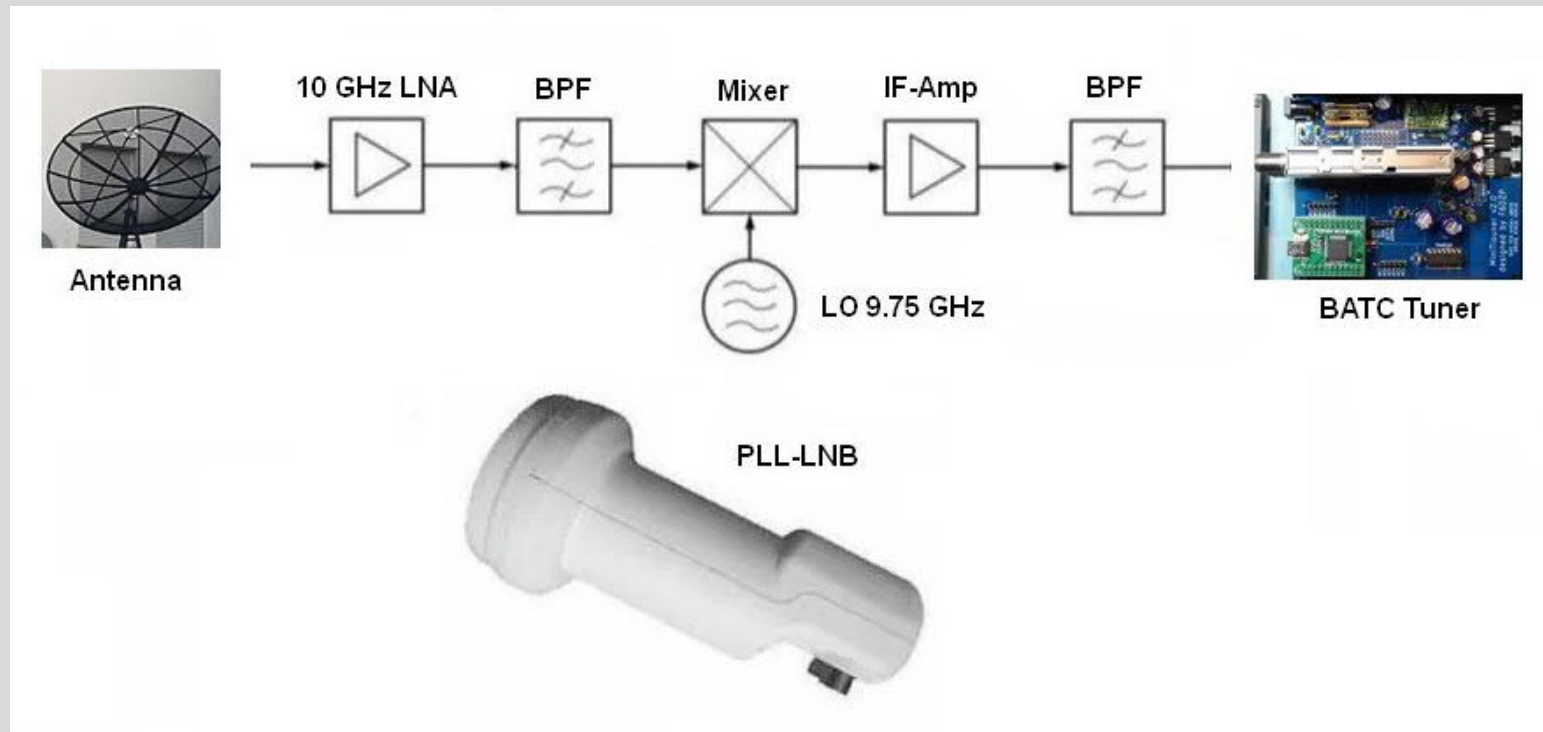
- 1340 MHz for WB TPX to use Sat-TX
- 144 MHz for NB TPX to use 2m (T)RX



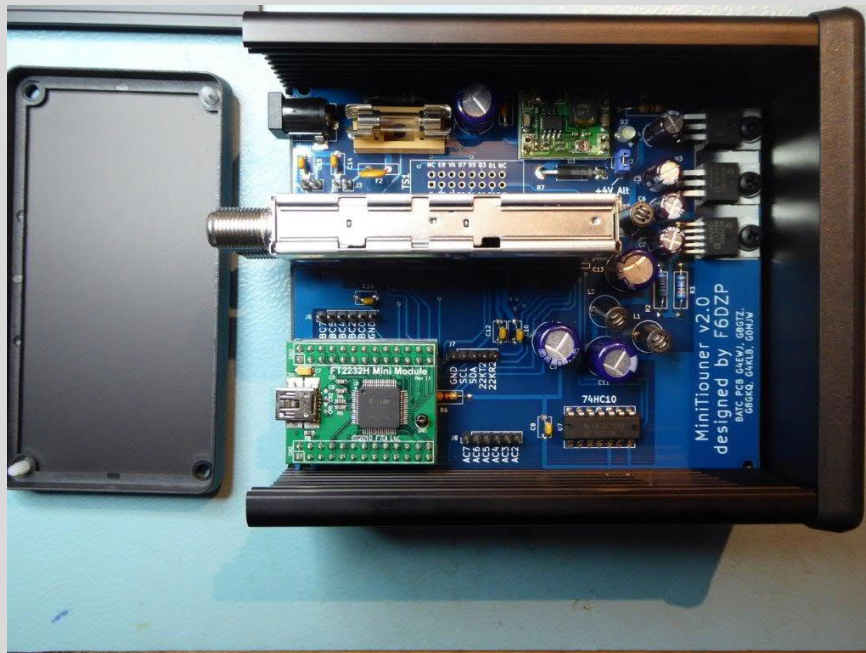
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PLL-LNBs for QO-100



DATV-RX for QO-100



MiniTuner (Kit from BATC or REF)
Frequency range 143-2450 MHz



Software Minitioune from F6DZP
Supports all symbolrates and modes

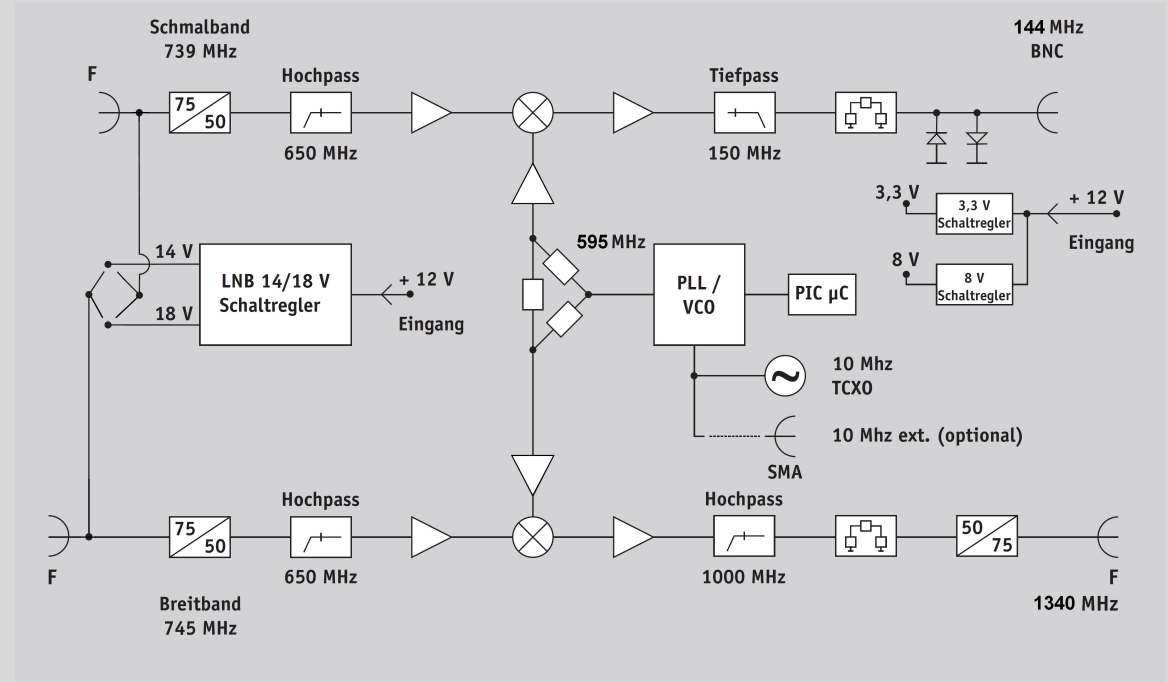
DATV-RX for QO-100



Downconverter AMSAT-DL

Converts the IF of both polarizations to convenient bands:

- 1340 MHz for WB TPX to use Sat-TX SF8008
- 144 MHz for NB TPX to use any 2m (T)RX



OCTAGON SF8008 4K UHD 2160p H.265 HEVC E2
Linux DVB-S2X Single Sat Receiver

Sat-TX SF8008 supports symbol rates 250kS and higher

DATV

MINITIOUNE v0.9beta8_9 - Receiver/Analyser DVB-S/S2 144 MHz to 2450 MHz - SRmini=32 kS/s - for MiniTiouner/MiniTiouner-Pro

SR (kS) Freq (kHz)
00250 10498250
Offset-> - 09388889

SR2000	10492500
SR1000	10494500
SR500	10494750
SR333	10496250
SR250	10496500
SR125	10497250
SR2000	10497750
SR4000	10498250


Oscar 100

DVB mode: DVB-S DVB-S2 Auto
FEC DVBS: All 1/2 2/3 3/4 5/6 6/7 7/8

Wide scan
 Low SR

Fplug: A B
LNB volt: 0 13(V) 18(H)
22kHz: OFF ON TS

Store into Memory: M1 M2 M3



PIDs

Pid from .ini

IK4IDY Auto PID

program2	PID Video 00256
program3	PID audio 00257
program4	Codec
program5	<input type="radio"/> Mpeg2
program6	<input type="radio"/> H264
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> H265

Format: 4/3 16/9 1/1 auto
Width: 768 Height: 576

Audio: MPA AAC AC3

Zoom: adapt x1 maxi

GRAPH Reset

Program IK4IDY
infos: DVB-S2
Provider: IK4IDY
Codec: VH265 + MPA

photo

Audio level

Info

Carrier Lock SR Lock RF Power C/N MER

Carrier SR Full RF Pw -50dBm C/N MER 2.0dB Constellations

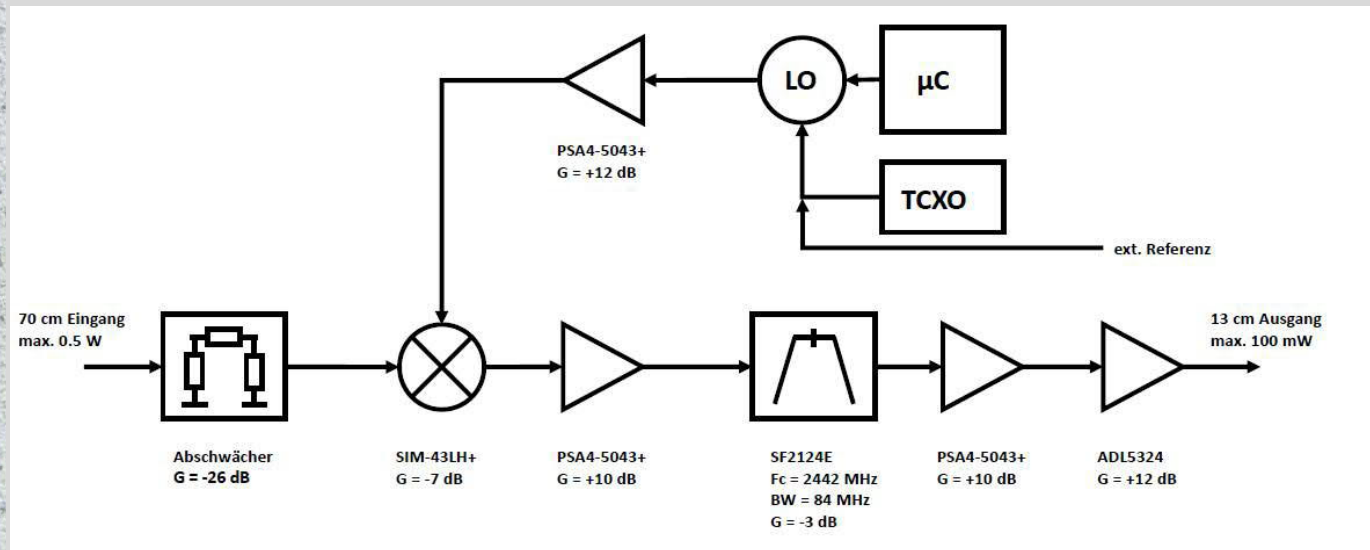
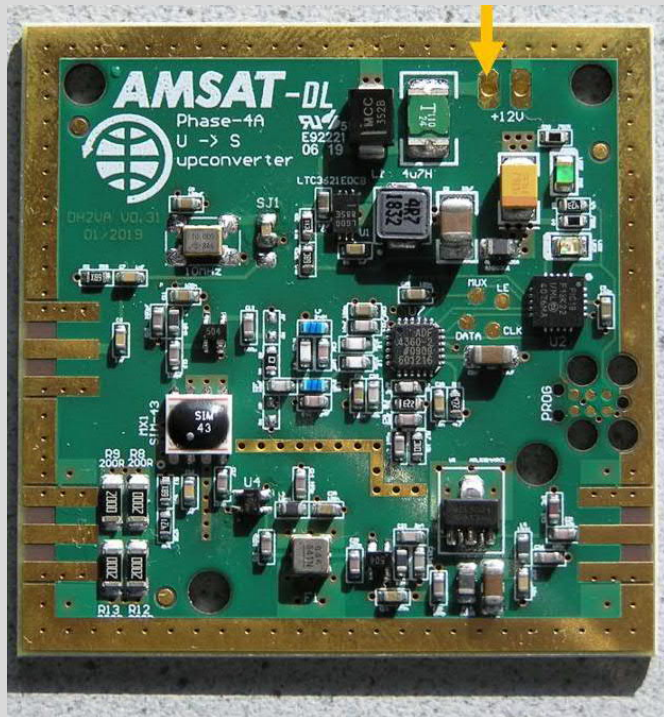
BCH errors 0
LDPC 52% 3372
FEC 1/2 QPSK_L35
C/N must be > 1,00 dB D1
TS err 0
Bytes recvd: 240 kb/s 257ms

Beep Dsave UDP Record
Quit
Expert Web

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NB TX for QO-100

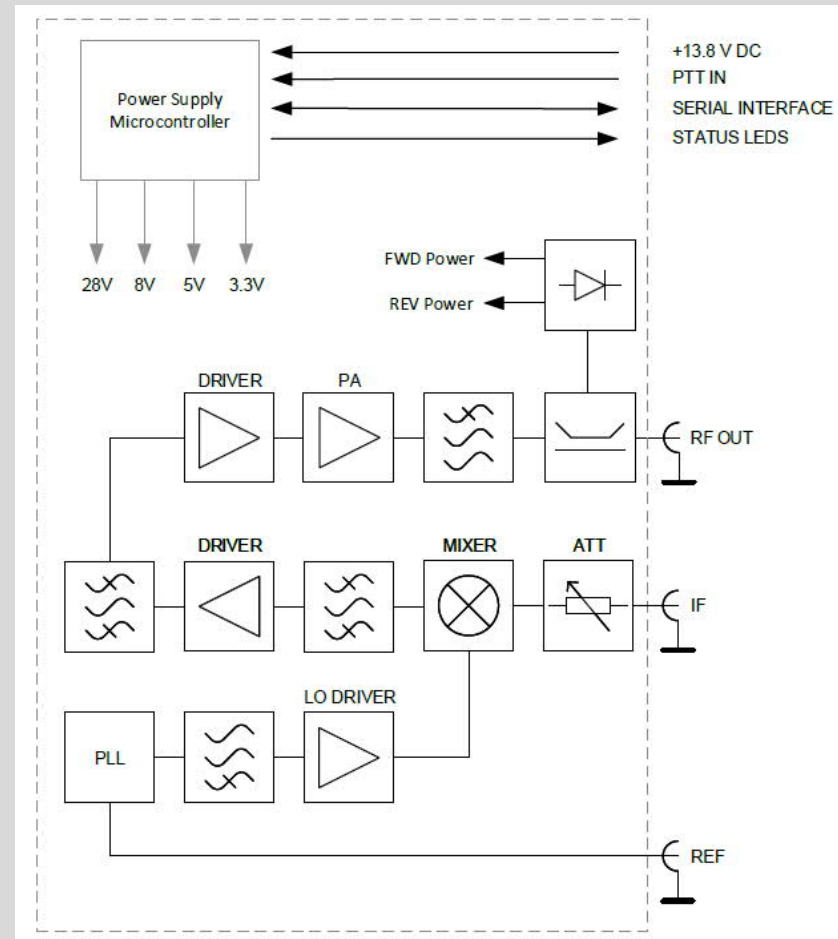


Upconverter AMSAT-DL
70cm input (max 500mW)
13cm output (max. 100mW)
99€

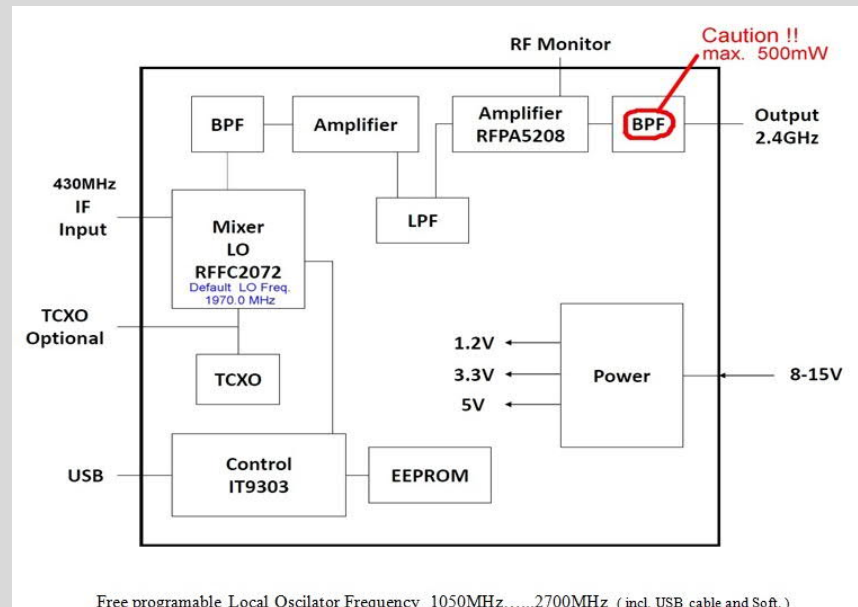
NB TX for QO-100



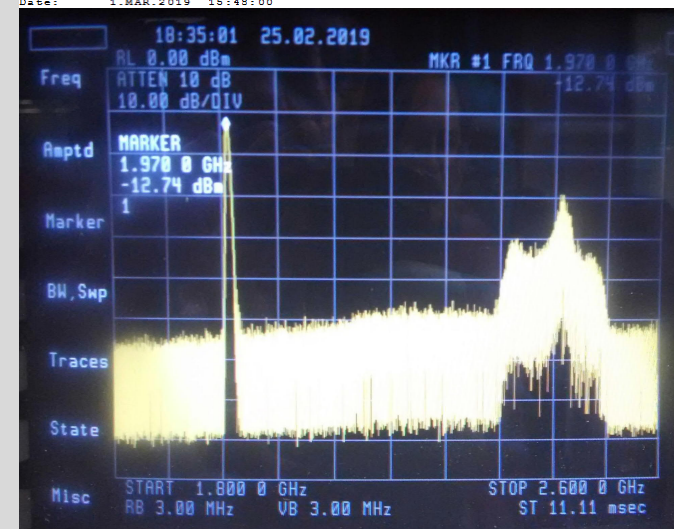
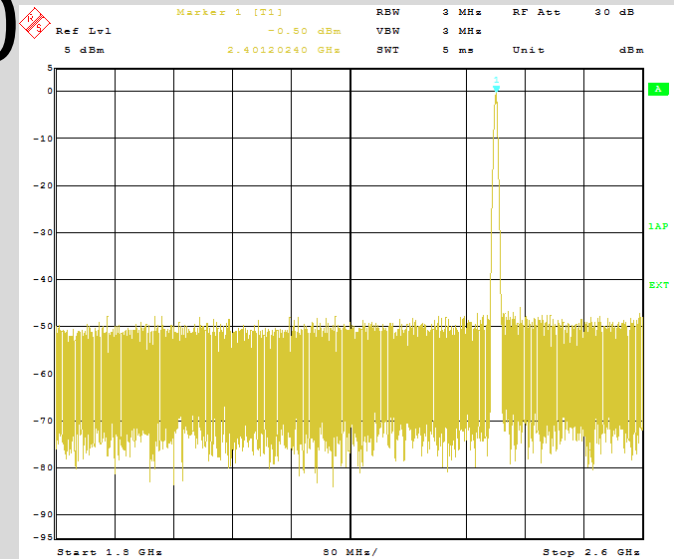
Upconverter Kuhne MKU UP 2424 B
2m or 70cm input (max 5W)
13cm output (20W)
10 MHz ref. freq. input
949 €



NB TX for QO-100



Free programmable Local Oscillator Frequency 1050MHz.....2700MHz (incl. USB cable and Soft.)



HIDES BU-500 upconverter
 2m or 70cm input (max. 10mW)
 13cm output (max. 500mW)
 169 US\$ / 135€

NB TX for QO-100



SG-Labs Transverter TR2300 from LZ5HP

IF=70cm input (max. 5W)

RF=13cm(NF=1.5dB typ., Pout=2W typ.)

Switchable LO including split mode

200€

How much power for SSB via QO-100

Many users use a 80cm dish and approximately 2-4 Watt


DD1US using 300mW with a linear patchfeed in a 1.8m dish

DD0KP using 8W with the POTY feed in a 60cm dish

Some are using a long helix-antenna (20-40 turns) and use approximately 10-20 W

No uplink signal should result in a downlink signal stronger than the beacons

How much power for DATV via QO-100



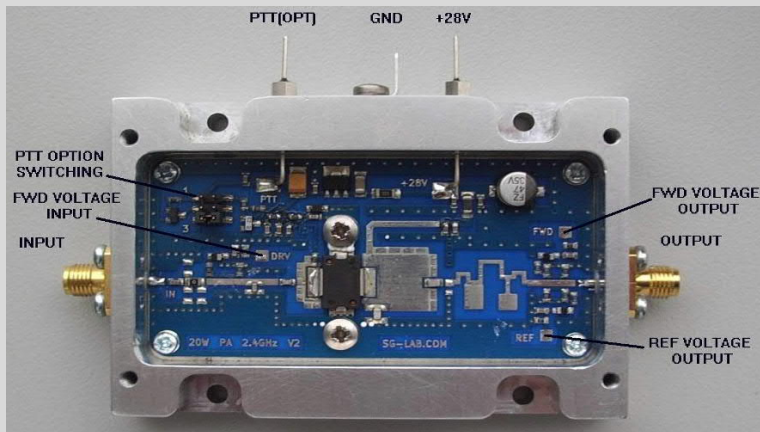
Uplink Power Budget

Starting point is that an 8 MHz of DVB-S2 transmission will require 100W into a 2.4m dish

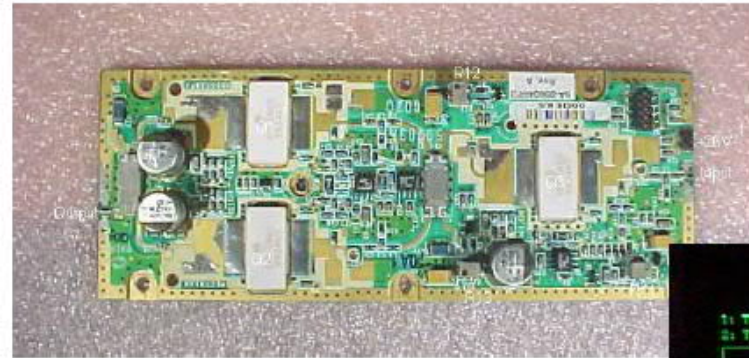
Power Budget (Watts)					
	8 MHz	4 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	0.5MHz
2.4m	100	50	25	12.5	6.25
1.7m	200	100	50	25	12.5
1.2m	400	200	100	50	25
0.85m	800	400	200	100	50

Source: BATC

PAs for QO-100

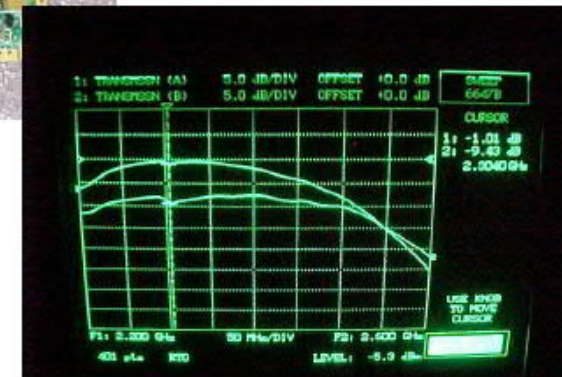


SG-Labs 13cm PA LZ5HP
Pout=20W @28V, Gp=16dB
126 €



- <http://www.ebay.com/bhp/spectrian>
- 75W Spectrian Linear RF Amplifier Board
- 2.3-2.35 GHz, gain 18dB 24/26V
- 1.25 Watt Input Power

• Price: 99 \$US on eBay



Surplus amplifiers (e.g. Ebay), mostly ex UMTS with lower gain & power @2.4 GHz but still useable with low efficiency



WIFI amplifiers for 2.4 GHz
typ. 3dB under spec but
useable (4W ca. 50€)

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- **SDRs for RX and TX**

SDRs for QO-100

Besides traditional upconverter schemes as described before, modern SDR TRX provide a cost efficient solution for RX and TX of both, NB and WB TPX

Only drawback is that always a PC is needed

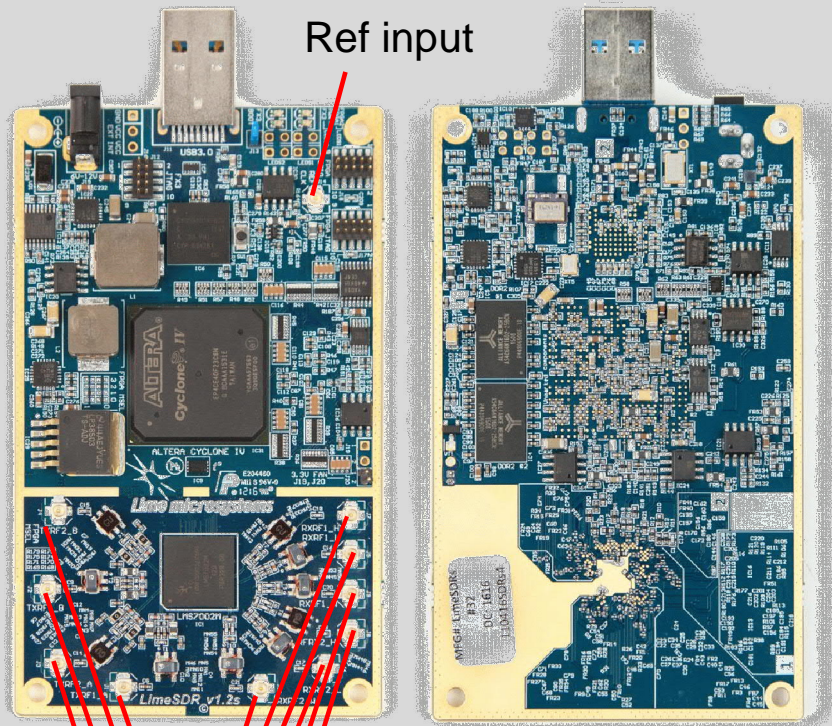
Especially the Lime-SDRs and ADALM Pluto can be used to transmit NB and DATV signals directly at 2.4 GHz

They support full duplex operation as needed to satellite communications

LimeSDR

USB 3.0

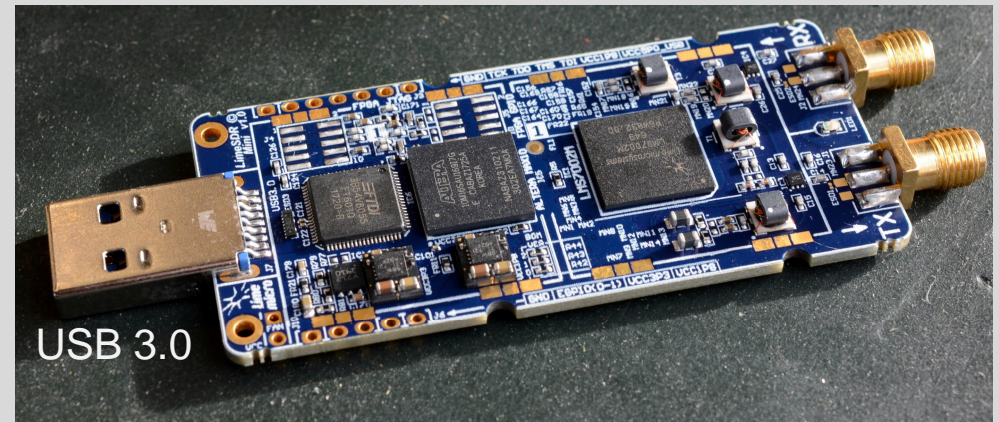
Ref input



4x TX outputs
6x RX inputs

LimeSDR-USB

The LimeSDR USB and mini can be used up to 3.6 GHz for RX and TX



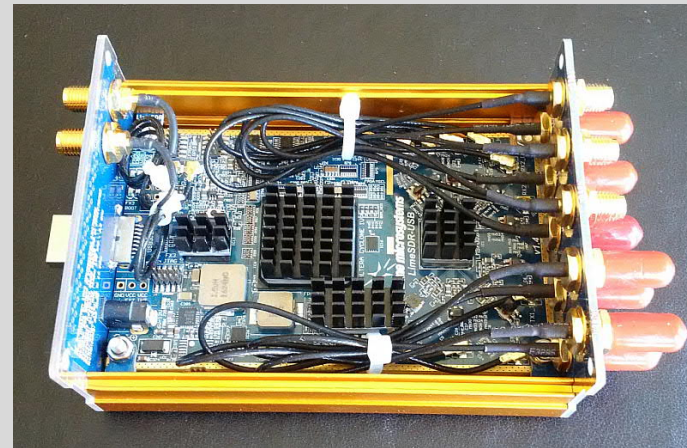
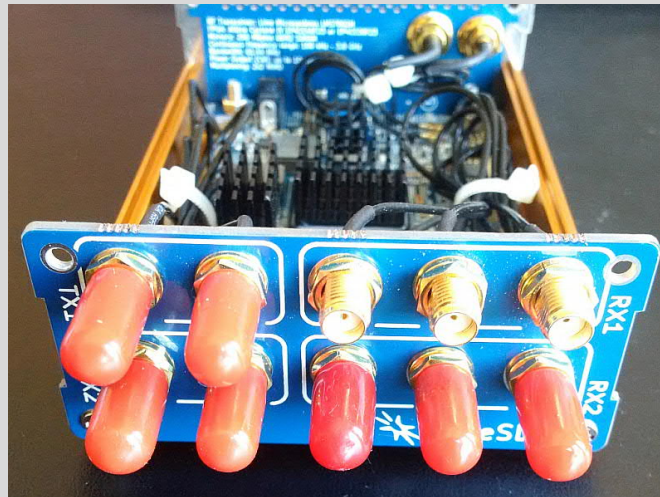
USB 3.0

1x RX

1x TX

LimeSDR-mini

LimeSDR in metal case



LimeSDR with GPIO-board

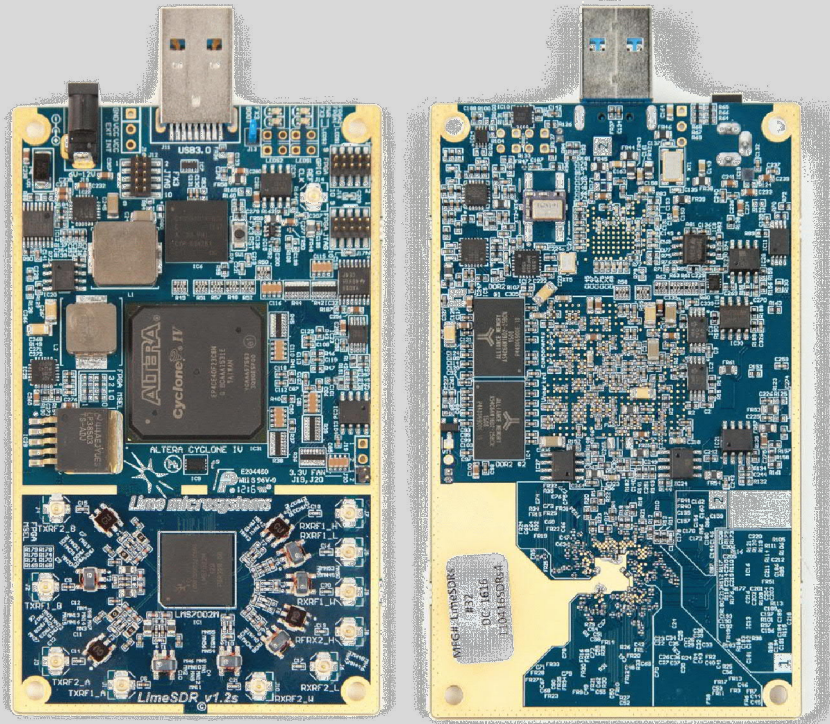


LimeSDR-USB

LimeSDR-GPIO board
supported by SDR-Radio software

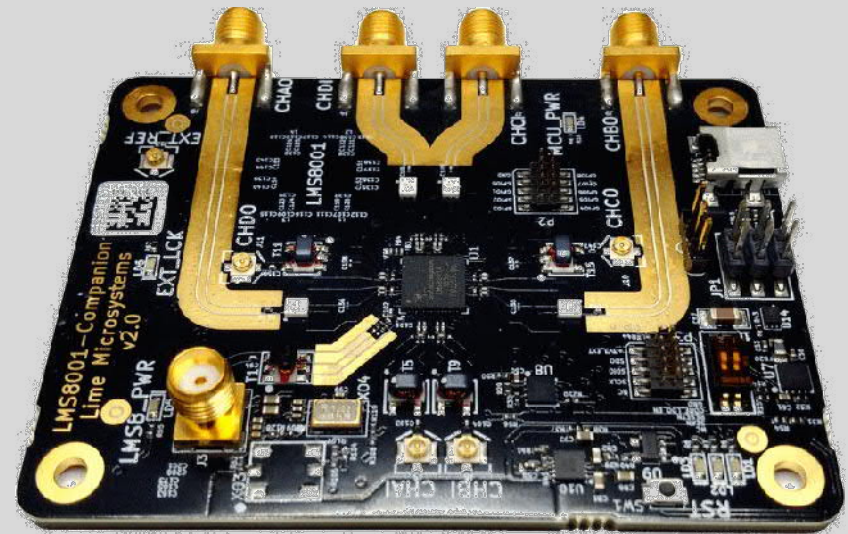
LimeSDR with LMS8001 companion board

USB 3.0



LimeSDR-USB
HF – 3.6 GHz

The LimeSDR companion board supports frequencies from 5-10 GHz



LMS8001 Companion board
5-10 GHz

Adalm Pluto

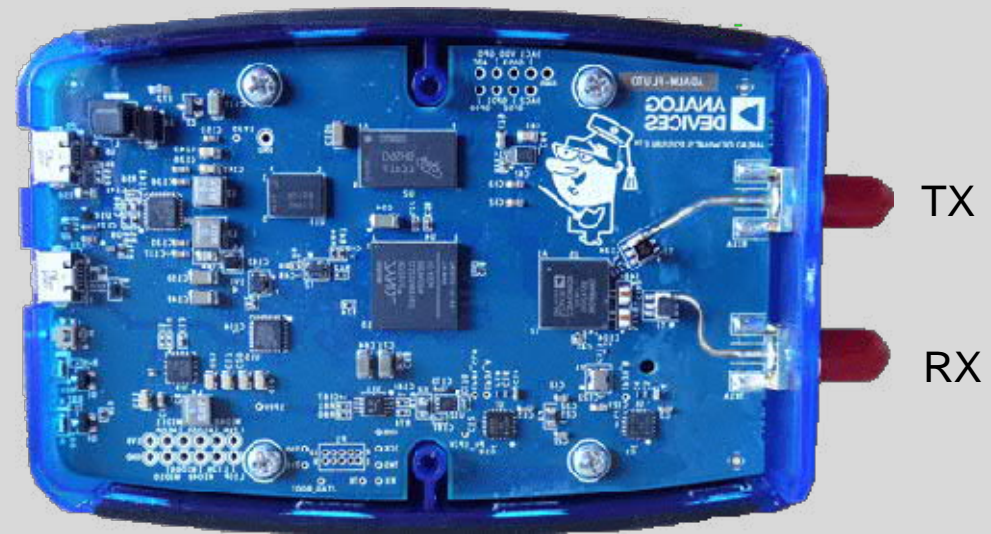
The Pluto SDR can be used up to 6 GHz for RX and TX



ADALM Pluto

USB 2.0

PWR

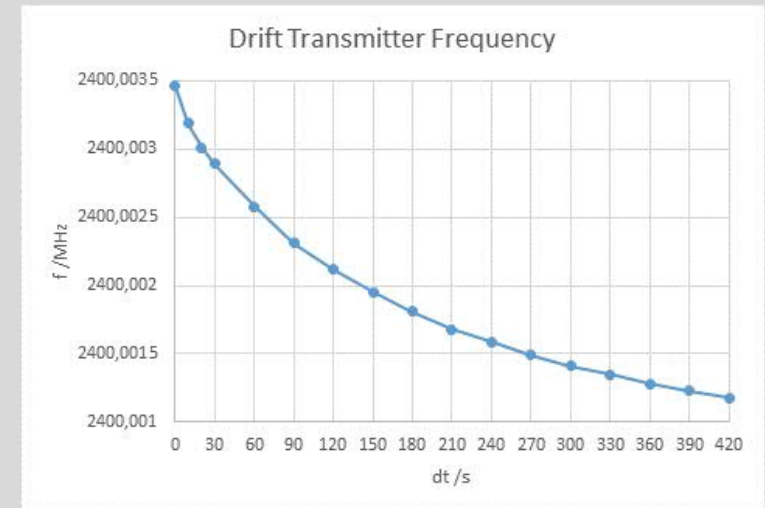


ADALM Pluto open

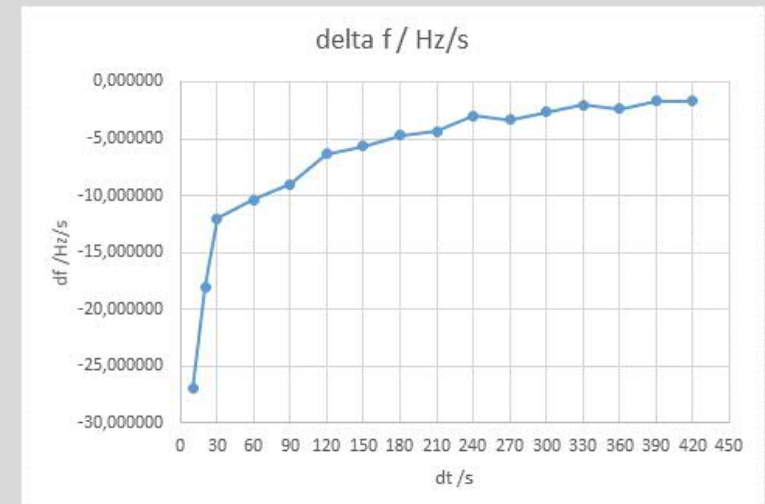
Adalm Pluto



ADALM Pluto as a network SDR TRX



Nice, but:



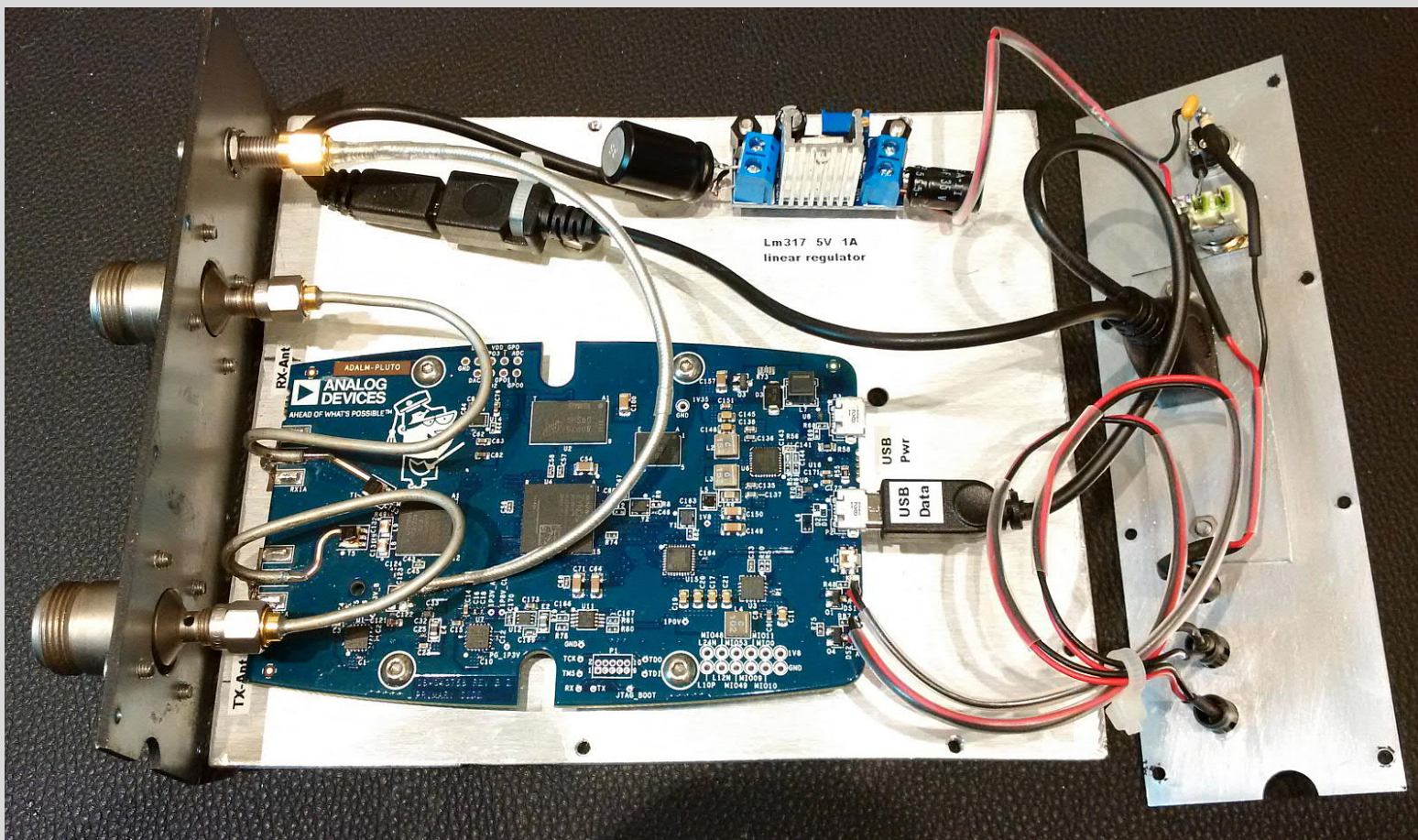
Internal 40 MHz TCXO needs to be replaced by a better TCXO or by an external reference

Adalm Pluto



ADALM Pluto in shielded encasing with external 40 MHz reference input

Adalm Pluto



ADALM Pluto in shielded encasing with external 40 MHz reference input

SDR-Radio

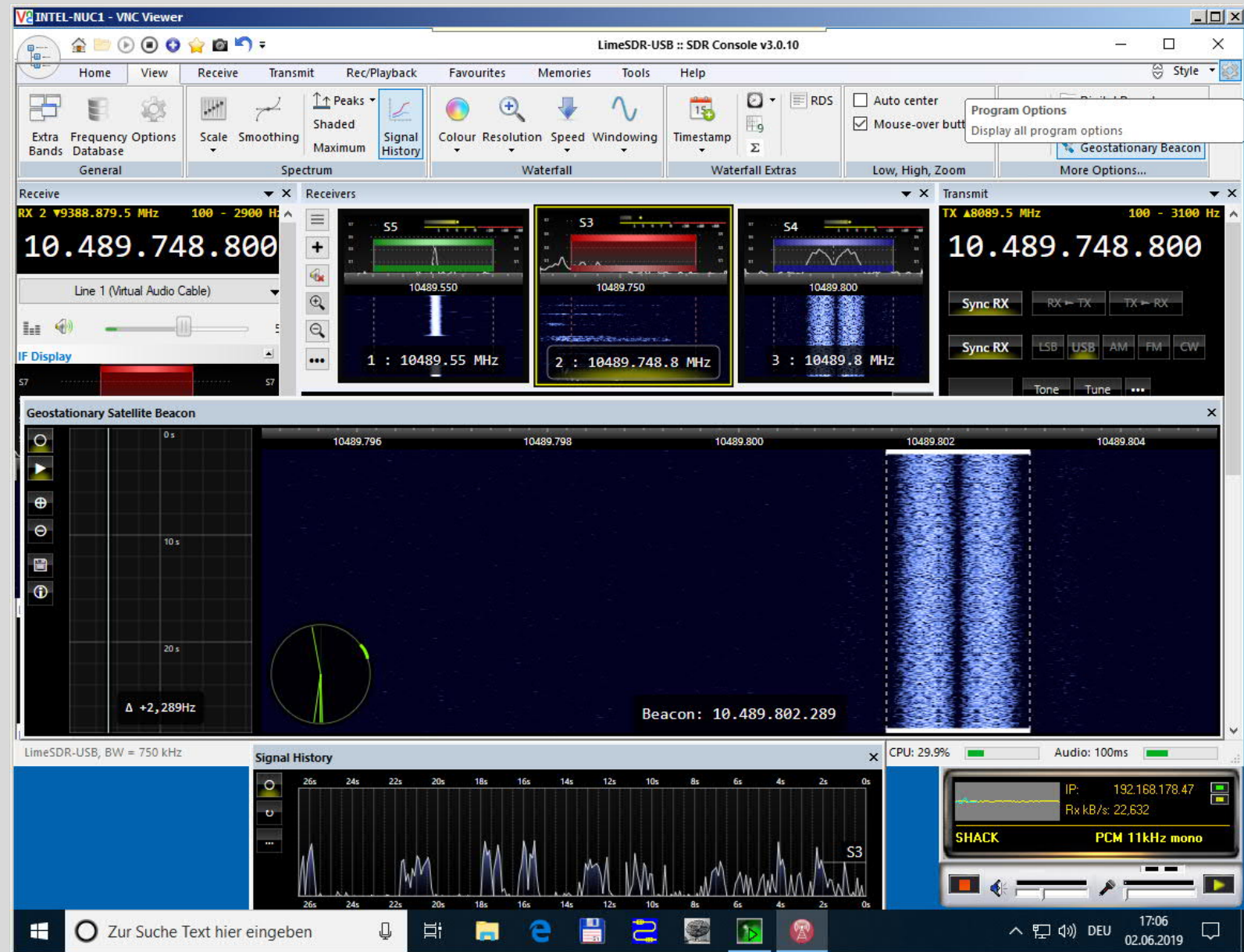
Fullduplex with automatic tracking of RX and TX frequency and mode

The screenshot displays the LimeSDR-USB SDR Console v3.0.10 interface. The main window is titled "INTEL-NUC1 - VNC Viewer" and "LimeSDR-USB :: SDR Console v3.0.10". The interface is divided into several sections:

- Receive Section:** Shows the RX frequency at 10.489.748.800 MHz. It includes a "Line 1 (Virtual Audio Cable)" output, an "IF Display" showing a spectrum plot, and a "Mode" selector with options like SAM, CW-U, BFM, NFM, WFM, LSB, USB, and Wide-U. The "Filter" section shows "LimeSDR-USB, BW = 750 kHz".
- Receivers Section:** Displays three receiver windows (S5, S5, S4) with their respective frequencies: 10489.550 MHz, 10489.750 MHz, and 10489.800 MHz. A large central display shows the RX frequency 10.489.748.800 MHz and the mode "RX 2 USB".
- Transmit Section:** Shows the TX frequency at 10.489.748.800 MHz. It includes "Sync RX" buttons, mode selection (LSB, USB, AM, FM, CW), a "TX" button, and a "Drive" slider set to 100.
- Meter Section:** Displays various performance metrics: PWR, SWR, DRV, VDD, and ALC. It also shows "Microphone: Gain 89, Proc 30" and buttons for "Normal", "DX", and "Other".
- Signal History Section:** A graph showing signal activity over time from 26s to 0s.
- System Status:** Shows "CPU: 30.1%" and "Audio: 98ms". A status bar at the bottom right displays "SHACK", "PCM 11kHz mono", and the date "Sonntag, 2. Juni 2019".

SDR- Radio

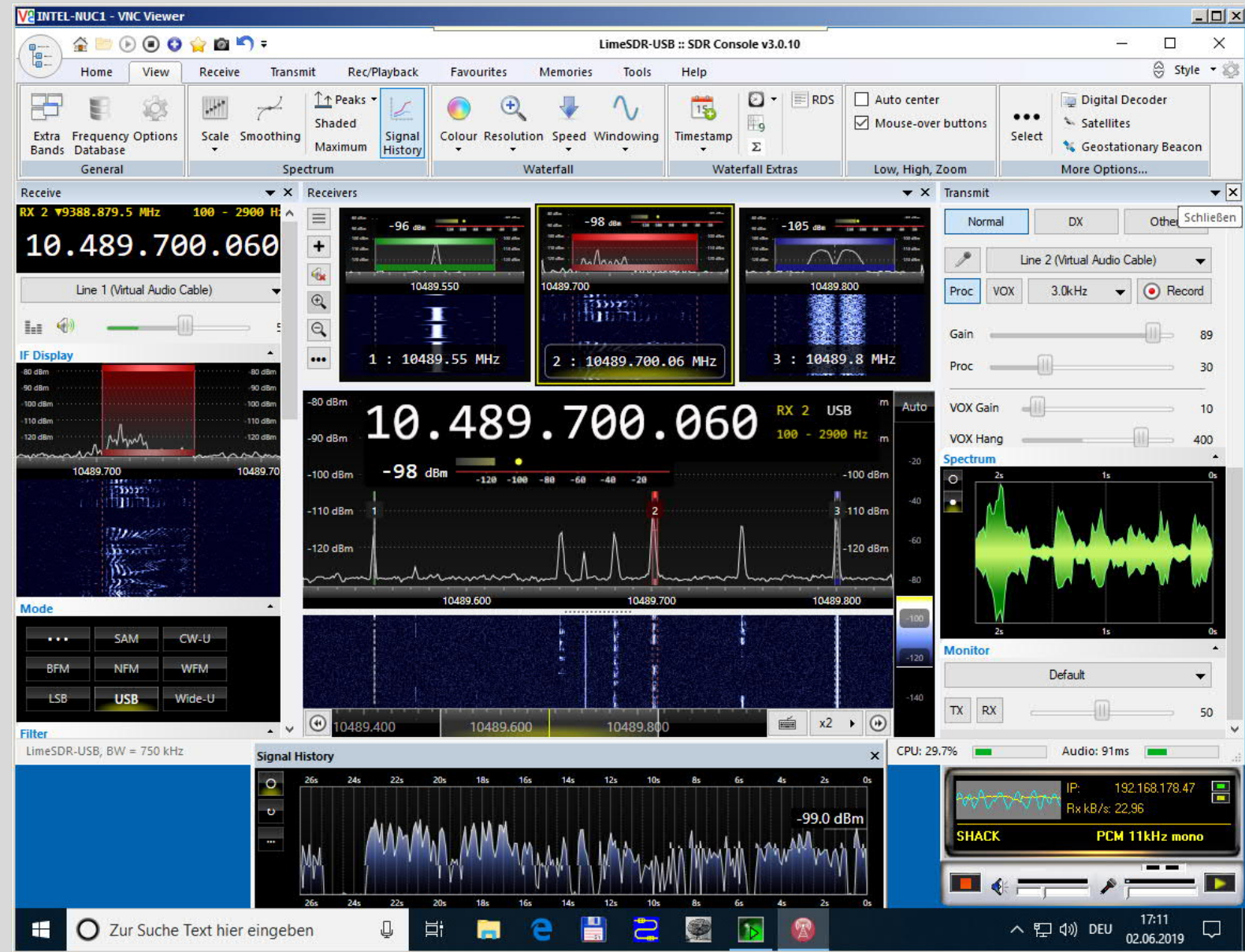
Locking the receiver
to the PSK beacon
eliminates the drift
of the LNB



SDR- Radio

Multiple receiver
windows convenient
to check beacon
levels and own signal

Transmit Audio Scope
and spectrum available



Many thanks for your attention